



# Building and Timber Pest Inspection Report

Inspection Date: Thu, 29 Jan 2026

Property Address: 85 Starkey St, Wellington Point QLD 4160,  
Australia



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Definitions to help you better understand this report

Terms on which this report was prepared

Special conditions or instructions

If you have any queries with this report or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact the person who carried out the inspection.

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the pre-inspection agreement in place between the parties set out below, which set out the purpose and scope of the inspection, and the significant items that will be reported on. This Report reflects the opinion of the inspector based on the documents that have been provided. This Report should be read in its entirety and in the context of the agreed scope of Services. If there is a discrepancy between the summary findings and the body of the Report, the body of the Report will prevail. We recommend that you should promptly implement any recommendation or advice in this Report, including recommendations of further inspections by another specialist. If you have any queries with this Report or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact the person who carried out the inspection. This Report contains reference to material that is the copyright of Standards Australia reproduced under agreement with SAI Global to Jim's Building Inspections (Australia).

Original Inspection Date: Thu, 29 Jan 2026

## The Parties

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Name of the Client:

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Name of the Principal(if Applicable):

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Job Address: 85 Starkey St, Wellington Point QLD 4160, Australia

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Client's Email Address:

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Client's Phone Number:

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Consultant: Gordon Duncan Ph: 0478 121 200  
Email: Kenmore@jimsbuildinginspections.com.au

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QBCC 1281978

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Company Name: Jim's Building Inspections Kenmore

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Company Address and Postcode: Mount Crosby 4306

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Company Email: Kenmore@jimsbuildinginspections.com.au

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Company Contact Numbers: 0478 121 200

### Special conditions or instructions

A report may be conditional on information provided by the person, agents or employees of the person requesting the report, apparent concealment of possible defects and a range of other factors

The following apply: Not Applicable

## Section A Results of Inspection - summary

A summary of your inspection is outlined below; please also refer to the Report.

	Found	Not Found
<b>Safety Hazard</b>		✓
<b>Major Defect</b>	✓	
<b>Minor Defect</b>	✓	
<b>Live Timber Pest Activity</b>		✓
<b>Timber Pest Damage</b>		✓
<b>Conditions Conducive to Timber Pest Activity</b>	✓	
<b>Evidence of fungal decay activity and/or damage</b>	✓	
<b>Evidence of wood borer activity and/or damage</b>		✓
<b>Evidence of a previous termite management program</b>		✓

### Overall Condition (Building)

In summary, the building, compared to others of similar age and construction is in the condition documented in this report.

### Overall Condition (Timber Pest)

In summary, the building, compared to others of similar age and construction is highly susceptible to timber pests. A termite treatment is required.

## Section B General

### General description of the property

Building Type	Detached, Residential
Company or Strata title	No
Floor	Concrete, Suspended Timber Frame
Furnished	Furnished
No. of bedrooms	3
Occupied	Occupied
Orientation	West
Other Building Elements	Carport, Driveway, Fence - Post and Rail Construction, Shed
Other Timber Bldg Elements	Architraves, Door Frames, Doors, Internal Joinery, Skirting Boards, Stair Railing, Floorboards, Floating Floor, Fascias, Veranda Posts, Weatherboards, Window Frames
Roof	Timber Framed, Tiled
Storeys	Double
Walls	Weatherboards
Weather	Fine

## Section C Accessibility

### Areas Inspected

The following areas were inspected. As documented in your Pre-Inspection Agreement, obstructions and limitations to the accessible areas for inspection are to be expected in any inspection. Refer also to our listing of obstructions and limitations.

- Exterior
- Fencing
- Gardens
- Interior
- Outbuildings
- Posts
- Roof Exterior - Part
- Roof Void - Part
- Subfloor - Part
- The Site
- Wall Exterior

The inspection excludes areas which are affected by obstructions, where access is limited or unsafe. We do not move obstructions and defects, timber pest activity or conditions conducive to these may not be obvious unless they are removed.

### Inaccessible Areas

The following areas were inaccessible:

- Areas of low roof pitch preventing full inspection.
- Exterior Roof Surface - Second Storey.
- Ceiling Cavity - Part.
- Outside of the fencing.
- Roof Exterior - Part
- Site - Part.

Any areas which are inaccessible at the time of inspection present a high risk for undetected defects and timber pest activity and conditions conducive to these. The client is advised to make inaccessible areas accessible wherever possible for re-inspection.

## Obstructions and Limitations

Building defects, termite and timber pest activity as well as conditions conducive to both, may be concealed by the following obstructions which prevented full inspection:

- Above safe working height
- Appliances and equipment
- Areas of low roof pitch preventing full inspection
- Ceiling linings
- External concrete or paving
- External finished ground level
- Fixed ceilings
- Floor coverings
- Insulation
- Fixed Furniture - Built-in Cabinetry
- Furniture
- No safe point from which to access roof exterior
- Stored items
- Solar Panels
- Unsafe to Access Roof - No Fall Protection System
- Wall linings
- Webbing of roof trusses - not trafficable

The presence of obstructions increases the risk of undetected building defects, timber pest activity and conditions conducive to these. The client should make arrangement to remove obstructions where ever possible and re-inspect these areas urgently.

## Undetected defect risk (Building)

A risk rating is provided to help you understand the degree to which accessibility issues and the presence of obstructions have limited the scope of the inspection

The risk of undetected defects is: **High**

When the risk of undetected defects is medium or high we strongly recommend further inspection once access is provided or if the obstruction can be removed. Contact us for further advice.

### **Undetected defect risk (Timber Pest)**

A risk rating is provided to help you understand the degree to which accessibility issues and the presence of obstructions have limited the scope of the inspection

The risk of undetected defects is: **High**

When the risk of undetected defects is medium or high we strongly recommend further inspection once access is provided or if the obstruction can be removed. Contact us for further advice.

## Section D Significant Items

### Safety Hazard

No evidence was found

### Major Defect

#### Finding 2.01

Building: Main Building  
Location: Lower level  
Finding: Lower level - evidence of moisture damage  
Information: At the time of the inspection, it was noted that there was evidence of moisture damage in the lower level of the dwelling. It was also noted that the internal concrete level appears to be below the exterior ground level.

Efflorescence was found on the block work in the study. Normal moisture readings were recorded in this area. Damage and staining was found to the wall lining in the room on the left hand side of the dwelling. Normal moisture readings were recorded in the area however elevated moisture levels were recorded in the front left hand corner of this room. Sealant was noted to the exterior wall near where the elevated moisture readings were recorded.

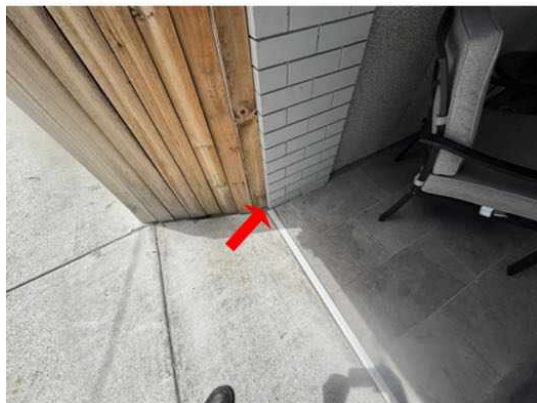
In the lounge, water staining was found to the skirting board on the right hand side of the dwelling. Normal moisture readings were recorded here. Damage can be seen to the flooring between the laundry and the kitchenette. Normal moisture readings were recorded on the damaged section of the flooring. The external wall in this area has had a large flashing applied in order to waterproof or stop moisture ingress into the building.

The vendor confirmed the application of sealant to parts of the perimeter of the dwelling to stop moisture entering the lower level. The client must monitor the lower level for any re-occurrence of moisture entering the dwelling.

A licensed plumber could be engaged to install a channel drain around the perimeter of the dwelling in order to stop moisture from entering the dwelling. This should be done as a short term priority.







## Minor Defect

### Finding 3.01

Building:	Main Building
Location:	Lower level bathroom
Finding:	Lower level bathroom - moisture damage
Information:	At the time of the inspection, it was noted that there was elevated moisture readings recorded in the lower level bathroom shower cubicle. This may be due to the deterioration of the grout and the poorly applied sealant. The readings indicate that moisture has penetrated behind the tiles.

A timber moulding next to the shower has signs of moisture damage and excessive moisture readings were recorded on the timber moulding. It appears that the shower screen is leaking. The grout and sealant in the shower cubicle need to be replaced.

If left unaddressed, this will become a major defect.

A bathroom specialist should be engaged to assess the shower cubicle to ensure that the grout and sealant can be replaced to provide longevity to the bathroom. This should be done as a matter of urgency.





### Finding 3.02

Building:	Main Building
Location:	Upper level bathroom
Finding:	Upper level bathroom - elevated moisture readings recorded
Information:	At the time of the inspection, it was noted that there were elevated moisture readings recorded around the hot water tap in the shower. Sealant has been applied to the base cover of the hot tap and may be the cause of the elevated moisture readings. Normal moisture readings were recorded on the bath side of this wall.

A bathroom specialist should be engaged to assess the shower cubicle and provide a solution for the elevated moisture readings. This should be done as a short term priority.



### Finding 3.03

Building:	Main Building
Location:	Upper level bathroom
Finding:	Upper level bathroom - bath taps leaking
Information:	At the time of the inspection, it was noted that the bath tub taps were leaking when turned off. The taps only stop leaking when excess pressure is used to turn them off. This may be due to the seals wearing.

A licensed plumber should be engaged to replace the seals in the taps. This should be done as a short term priority.



### Finding 3.04

Building:	Main Building
Location:	Upper level
Finding:	Upper level - French doors binding during normal operation
Information:	At the time of the inspection, it was noted that the French doors at the front of the dwelling were binding on the door frame during normal operation. This appears to be general wear and tear.

For minor causes, a qualified carpenter or building maintenance professional should

be appointed to perform minor rectification works at client discretion.



## Live Timber Pest Activity

No evidence was found

## Timber Pest Damage

No evidence was found

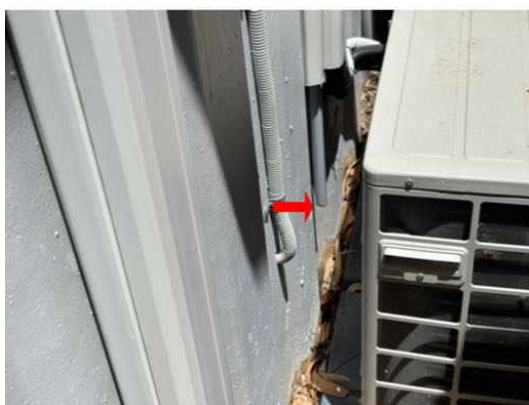
## Conditions Conducive to Timber Pest Activity

### Finding 6.01

Building:	Main Building
Location:	All External Areas
Finding:	Termite Management System - no evidence of a current chemical installation
Information:	At the time of the inspection, no evidence of a current chemical termite management system was found. There is a durable notice in the meter box showing a chemical treatment was carried out on the 30/07/2015 with an expected lifespan of 8 years. This treatment will no longer be effective.



works should be carried out as soon as possible.



## Evidence of fungal decay activity and/or damage

### Finding 7.01

Building: Main Building

Location: Rear elevation

Finding: Wood rot

Information: At the time of the inspection, it was noted that there was evidence of wood rot to two timber step treads on the rear stairs. This may be due to the age of the timber building elements and general weathering.

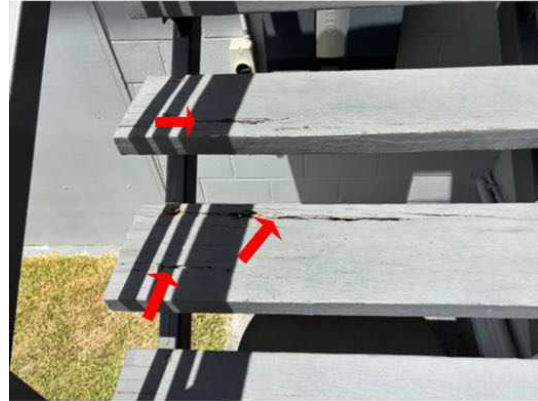
This building element shows evidence of wood rot. Wood rot, also known as Fungal Decay, occurs when timbers and other cellulose building materials are exposed to damp conditions on an ongoing basis.

Wood rot is often associated with general damp problems and is evidenced by a 'musty' smell or mould and mildew occurring on surfaces. If left unmanaged, damp conditions can lead to further health problems and the decay of timbers will continue.

Early intervention and regular maintenance, particularly of exterior timbers, will prolong

the useful life of these building elements. Prior to any works being performed, the cause of the moisture that has created the visible wood rot should be identified and addressed in a suitable manner. Replacement of affected timbers may then be a necessary step in protecting surrounding building elements from such deterioration.

A qualified carpenter or registered builder may also be required to replace affected building materials.



### **Evidence of wood borer activity and/or damage**

No evidence was found

## Section D Significant Items

### D4 Further Inspections

We advise that you seek additional specialist inspections from a qualified and, where appropriate, licensed

- Termite and Timber Pest Technician / Licensed Pest Controller

Jim's Building Inspections can put you in contact with qualified and licensed providers of these and other trades services. Please contact your inspector for recommendations, or visit [www.jims.net](http://www.jims.net).

### D5 Conclusion - Assessment of overall condition of property

- Compared to dwellings of a similar age, the visual appraisal, and a limited assessment of the serviceability of the weatherboard and block clad building, at the time of the inspection, was in a good condition. All significant items have been noted in the body of this report, and will require addressing.

Preventative maintenance is required to both of the bathrooms.

Evidence of moisture damage and or ingress into the lower level was noted. Elevated moisture readings were recorded in the front left hand room. Sealant and flashings have been applied to areas of the perimeter in an attempt to stop moisture entering the lower level. Due to the internal concrete level being lower than the exterior ground level, moisture ingress into the lower level may be an ongoing issue. This has been marked as a major defect for this reason.

Evidence of a past chemical termite treatment system was found during the inspection. A durable notice was found in the meter box. The durable notice is dated the 30/07/2015, this had an expected life span of 8 years. This treatment will no longer be effective.

A termite and timber pest technician should be engaged to provide a chemical termite treatment system to suit this style of building. This should be done as a matter of urgency.

Annual termite inspections must be carried out in partnership with a termite treatment system, physical or chemical, as termite treatment systems cannot be expected to be 100% effective. A termite treatment system and annual termite inspections are an important part of an ongoing termite management plan.

Due to the conducive conditions for termite activity, as per AS3660 and as referenced in section D4 - Further Inspections, a termite and timber pest technician must be engaged to carry out annual termite inspections as part of an ongoing termite management plan.

The termite and timber pest technician will advise if the frequency of the inspections should be increased once they have assessed the property. Termite inspections do not stop termites, however the damage they can cause may be lessened if caught early. Termite activity is generally concealed.

Some minor defects were noted. Maintenance items needing attention may be performed at the clients discretion. Work should not be neglected as further deterioration may occur.

For further information, advice and clarification please contact Gordon Duncan on: 0478 121 200

## Section D Significant Items

### The following items were noted as - For your information

#### Noted Item

Building: Main Building  
Location: All Internal Areas  
Finding: Obstructions and Limitations - Internal areas  
Information: These photographs are an indication of the obstructions and limitations which impeded full inspection of the property of the internal areas at the time of inspection. These obstructions can hide an array of defects and should be removed to allow full inspection to be carried out. A re-inspection is recommended once the areas are made accessible.





**Noted Item**

Building: Main Building  
Location: Roof Void  
Finding: Obstructions and Limitations - Roof cavity  
Information: These photographs are an indication of the obstructions and limitations which impeded full inspection of the property of the roof cavity

at the time of inspection. These obstructions can hide an array of defects and should be removed to allow full inspection to be carried out. A re-inspection is recommended once the areas are made accessible.



## Noted Item

Building: Main Building  
Location: Roof Exterior  
Finding: Obstructions and Limitations - Roof exterior  
Information: These photographs are an indication of the obstructions and limitations which impeded full inspection of the property of the roof exterior

at the time of inspection. These obstructions can hide an array of defects and should be removed to allow full inspection to be carried out. A re-inspection is recommended once the areas are made accessible.



## Definitions to help you better understand this report

Access hole (cover)	An opening in flooring or ceiling or other parts of a structure (such as service hatch, removable panel) to allow for entry to carry out an inspection, maintenance or repair.
Accessible area	An area of the site where sufficient, safe and reasonable access is available to allow inspection within the scope of the inspection.
Appearance defect	Fault or deviation from the intended appearance of a building element.
Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM)	Asbestos-containing material (ACM) means any material or thing that, as part of its design, contains asbestos.
Building element	A portion of a building that, by itself or in combination with other such parts, fulfils a characteristic function. NOTE: For example supporting, enclosing, furnishing or servicing building space.
Client	The person or other entity for whom the inspection is being carried out.
Conditions Conducive to Termite Activity	Noticeable building deficiencies or environmental factors that may contribute to the presence of Termites.
Defect	Fault or deviation from the intended condition of a material, assembly, or component.
Detailed assessment	An assessment by an accredited sampler to determine the extent and magnitude of methamphetamine contamination in a property.
Inspection	Close and careful scrutiny of a building carried out without dismantling, in order to arrive at a reliable conclusion as to the condition of the building.
Inspector	Person or organisation responsible for carrying out the inspection.
Instrument Testing	Where appropriate the carrying out of Tests using the following techniques and instruments: (a) electronic moisture detecting meter - an instrument used for assessing the moisture content of building elements (b) stethoscope - an instrument used to hear sounds made by termites within building elements (c) probing - a technique where timber and other materials/areas are penetrated with a sharp instrument (e.g. bradawl or pocket knife), but does not include probing of decorative timbers or finishes, or the drilling of timber and trees and (d) sounding - a technique where timber is tapped with a solid object. (e) T3I - an instrument used to detect movement, moisture and changes in temperature within timber
Limitation	Any factor that prevents full or proper inspection of the building.
Major defect	A defect of sufficient magnitude where rectification has to be carried

	out in order to avoid unsafe conditions, loss of utility or further deterioration of the property.
Methamphetamine	An amphetamine-type stimulant that is highly addictive. Methamphetamine is a controlled substance, classified as a Class A (very high-risk) drug under the Misuse of Drug Act. This term is used as a grouping term to include all substances screened for, specifically: Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine, MDA and MDMA.
Methamphetamine contamination	A property or part of a property where the level of methamphetamine has been tested in accordance with this standard and found to exceed 0.5 micrograms/100 cm <sup>2</sup> (Residential) or 10 micrograms/100 cm <sup>2</sup> (Commercial).
Methamphetamine production/manufacture	The manufacture of methamphetamine, including processing, packaging, and storage of methamphetamine and associated chemicals.
Minor defect	A defect other than a major defect.
Roof space/Roof void	Space between the roof covering and the ceiling immediately below the roof covering.
Screening assessment	An assessment by a screening sampler to determine whether or not methamphetamine is present.
Serviceability defect	Fault or deviation from the intended serviceability performance of a building element.
Significant item	An item that is to be reported in accordance with the scope of the inspection.
Site	Allotment of land on which a building stands or is to be erected.
Structural defect	Fault or deviation from the intended structural performance of a building element.
Structural element	Physically distinguishable part of a structure. NOTE: For example wall, columns, beam, connection.
Subfloor space	Space between the underside of a suspended floor and the ground.
Subterranean Termite Management Proposal	A written proposal in accordance with Australian Standard AS 3660.2 to treat a known subterranean termite infestation and/or manage the risk of concealed subterranean termite access to buildings and structures.
Termites	Wood destroying insects belonging to the order 'Isoptera' which commonly attack seasoned timber.
Tests	Additional attention to the visual examination was given to those accessible areas which the consultant's experience has shown to be

particularly susceptible to attack by Termites. Instrument Testing of those areas and other visible accessible timbers/materials/areas showing evidence of attack was performed.

Timber Pest Activity	Tell-tale signs associated with 'active' (live) and/or 'inactive' (absence of live) Timber Pests at the time of inspection.
Timber Pest Attack	Timber Pest Activity and/or Timber Pest Damage.
Timber Pest Damage	Noticeable impairments to the integrity of timber and other susceptible materials resulting from an attack by Timber Pests.
Urgent and Serious Safety Hazards	Building elements or situations that present a current or immediate potential threat of injury or disease to persons.

## Terms on which this report was prepared

This report is based on the condition of the property at the time of inspection. We strongly recommend re-inspection 30 days after this report is issued as the general condition of the property is likely to have changed, including the extent of defects described and instance of potential undetected defects.

This report has been prepared in accordance with and subject to the pre-inspection agreement in place between the parties, which forms part of this Report.

*This Report is prepared for the client identified above and may not be relied on by any other person without our express permission or by the purchase of this Report on our website.*

SPECIAL ATTENTION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO THE SCOPE, LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS IN YOUR PRE-INSPECTION AGREEMENT AND THIS REPORT

Any of the exclusions or limitations identified for this Report may be the subject of a special-purpose inspection which we recommend being undertaken by an appropriately qualified inspector

### RELIANCE AND DISCLOSURE

This report has been prepared based on conditions at the time of the report.

We own the copyright in this report and may make it available to third parties.

If your Property is in the Australian Capital Territory, you acknowledge we will make certain information about this Report available to the ACT Government for inclusion in the building and pest inspections public register if required under the *Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act 2003*. This will include the fact the report has been prepared, the Property street address, date of the inspection, the name of the person who prepared the report and (if applicable) the entity that employs them.

### UNDETECTED DEFECT RISK RATING

If this Report has identified a medium or high-risk rating for undetected defects, we strongly recommend a further inspection of areas that were inaccessible. This may include an invasive inspection that requires the removal or cutting of walls, floors or ceilings.

*If the Property has been vacant for a period of time, moisture levels or leaks may not be detectable at the time of the inspection because often only frequent use of water pipes (showers, taps etc) result in a leak being identifiable. We advise further testing on pipes and water susceptible areas (such as the bathroom and laundry) after more frequent use has occurred.*

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION:

**This is not a report by a licensed plumber or electrician.** We recommend a special-purpose

report to detect substandard or illegal plumbing and electrical work at the Property

**This is not a smoke alarm report.** We recommend all existing detectors in the Property be tested and advice sought as to the suitability of number, placement and operation.

**This is not an asbestos report.** There are potential products in the Property containing asbestos that will not be identified in this report. In order to accurately identify asbestos, we recommend performing an asbestos inspection, particularly for buildings built prior to 1988.

**This is not a report on safety glass.** Glazing in older homes may not reflect current standards and may cause significant injury if damaged. Exercise caution around the glass in older homes.

**This is not a report on window opening restrictions.** We have not inspected window opening restrictors. Window openings in older buildings may not reflect current standards and can be a potential risk. Window opening restrictors are advised for all second story or above windows with sill heights below 900mm. Some states make this a mandatory requirement. Owners should enquire of their local and state requirements to ensure compliance.

**This is not a report on pool safety.** If a swimming pool is present it should be the subject to a special purpose pool inspection.

**External Timber Structures - Balcony and Decks.** It is strongly recommended that a Structural Engineer is required to assess distributed load capacity of external timber structures such as balconies and decks, alerting users of the load capacity. Regular maintenance and inspections by competent practitioners to assess the ongoing durability of exposed external timber structures are needed.

**This is not a Group Titled Property Report as per AS4349.2.** If you require a report for a Group Titled Property as per this standard, please seek a separate inspection for Group Titled Properties.

## MOISTURE

The identification of moisture, dampness or the evidence of water penetration is dependent on the weather conditions at the time an inspection. The absence of dampness identified in this Report does not necessarily mean the Property will not experience some damp problems in other weather conditions or that roofs, walls or wet areas are watertight.

Where the evidence of water penetration is identified we recommend detailed investigation of waterproofing in the surrounding area monitoring of the affected area over a period of time to fully detect and assess the cause of dampness.

## MAINTENANCE OF THE PROPERTY

This Report is not a warranty or an insurance policy against problems developing with the Property in the future. Accordingly, a preventative maintenance program should be implemented which includes systematic inspections, detection and prevention of issues. Please contact the inspector who carried out this inspection for further advice.

It is strongly advised that appropriate steps be taken to remove, rectify or monitor any evidence of

conditions conducive to timber pest activity. Undertaking thorough regular inspections at intervals not exceeding twelve months (or more frequent inspections where the risk of timber pest attack is high or the building type is susceptible to attack). To further reduce the risk of subterranean termite attack, implement a management program in accordance with Australian Standard AS3660. This may include the installation of a monitoring and/or baiting system, or chemical and/or physical barrier. However, AS3660 stresses that subterranean termites can bridge or breach barrier systems and inspection zones and those thorough regular inspections of the building are necessary.

### **NO CERTIFICATION**

- a) The Property has been compared to others of a similar age, construction type and method that had an acceptable level of basic maintenance completed.
- b) We don't advise you about title, ownership or other legal matters like easements, restrictions, covenants and planning laws. None of our inspections constitutes approval by a Building Surveyor, a certificate of occupancy or compliance with any law, regulation or standard, including any comment on whether the Property complies with current Australian Standards, Building Regulations or other legislative requirements.

### **RECTIFICATION COSTS**

We don't provide advice on the costs of rectification or repair unless specifically identified in the scope of the Report. Any cost advice provided verbally or in this report must be taken as of a general nature and is not to be relied on. Actual costs depend on the quality of materials, the standard of work, what price a contractor is prepared to do the work for and may be contingent on approvals, delays and unknown factors associated with third parties. No liability is accepted for costing advice.