



BEFORE YOU BUY
BEFORE YOU BUILD

Building Inspection Report

Inspection Date: Tue, 24 Mar 2026

Property Address: 27a Streeters Rd, North Plympton SA 5037,
Australia



Contents

	The Parties
Section A	Results of inspection - summary
Section B	General
Section C	Accessibility
Section D	Significant Items
Section E	Additional comments
Section F	Annexures to this report

Definitions to help you better understand this report

Terms on which this report was prepared

Special conditions or instructions

If you have any queries with this report or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact the person who carried out the inspection.

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the pre-inspection agreement in place between the parties set out below, which set out the purpose and scope of the inspection, and the significant items that will be reported on. This Report reflects the opinion of the inspector based on the documents that have been provided. This Report should be read in its entirety and in the context of the agreed scope of Services. If there is a discrepancy between the summary findings and the body of the Report, the body of the Report will prevail. We recommend that you should promptly implement any recommendation or advice in this Report, including recommendations of further inspections by another specialist. If you have any queries with this Report or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact the person who carried out the inspection. This Report contains reference to material that is the copyright of Standards Australia reproduced under agreement with SAI Global to Jim's Building Inspections (Australia).

Original Inspection Date: Tue, 24 Mar 2026

The Parties

Name of the Client:

Name of the Principal(if Applicable):

Job Address: 27a Streeters Rd, North Plympton SA 5037, Australia

Client's Email Address:

Client's Phone Number:

Consultant: Birendra J (BJ) Bhandari Ph: 0400 110 719
Email: Marion@jimsbuildinginspections.com.au

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Company Name: Jim's Building Inspections (Marion)

Company Address and Postcode: Warradale 5046

Company Email: Marion@jimsbuildinginspections.com.au

Company Contact Numbers: 0400 110 719

Special conditions or instructions

A report may be conditional on information provided by the person, agents or employees of the person requesting the report, apparent concealment of possible defects and a range of other factors

The following apply: Not Applicable

Section A Results of Inspection - summary

A summary of your inspection is outlined below; please also refer to the Report.

	Found	Not Found
Safety Hazard	✓	
Major Defect	✓	
Minor Defect	✓	

Overall Condition

In summary, the building, compared to others of similar age and construction is in the condition documented in this report.

Section B General

General description of the property

Building Type	Residential
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Company or Strata title	Unknown
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Floor	Concrete
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Furnished	Furnished
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No. of bedrooms	4
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Occupied	Unoccupied
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Orientation	West
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Other Building Elements	Fence - Post and Rail Construction, Footpath, Pergola, Garage, Driveway, Porch
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Other Timber Bldg Elements	External Joinery, Fascias, Internal Joinery, Landscaping Timbers and Construction, Porch / Patio, Skirting Boards, Doors, Door Frames, Floorboards
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Roof	Tiled, Pitched, Timber Framed
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Storeys	Single
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Walls	Brick Veneer
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Weather	Fine
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Section C Accessibility

Areas Inspected

The following areas were inspected. As documented in your Pre-Inspection Agreement, obstructions and limitations to the accessible areas for inspection are to be expected in any inspection. Refer also to our listing of obstructions and limitations.

- Exterior
- Roof Exterior
- Interior
- Roof Void

The inspection excludes areas which are affected by obstructions or where access is limited or unsafe. We do not move obstructions and building defects may not be obvious unless obstructions or unsafe conditions are removed to provide access.

Inaccessible Areas

The following areas were inaccessible:

- Outside of the fencing.

Any areas which are inaccessible at the time of inspection present a high risk for undetected building defects. The client is strongly advised to make arrangements to access inaccessible areas urgently wherever possible.

Obstructions and Limitations

Building defects may be concealed by the following obstructions which prevented full inspection:

- Debris in gutters
- Appliances and equipment
- Ceiling linings
- Stored items
- Vegetation
- Wallpaper or Wall Coverings

The presence of obstructions increases the risk of undetected defects. The client should make arrangement to remove obstructions where ever possible and re-inspect these areas as a matter of urgency. See also overall risk rating for undetected defects.

Undetected defect risk

A risk rating is provided to help you understand the degree to which accessibility issues and the presence of obstructions have limited the scope of the inspection

The risk of undetected defects is: **High**

When the risk of undetected defects medium or high we strongly recommend further inspection once access is provided or if the obstruction can be removed. Contact us for further advice.

Section D Significant Items

Safety Hazard

Defects 1.01

Building:	Building 1
Location:	All Internal Areas
Finding:	Smoke Detectors and Alarms - Missing
Information:	At the time of inspection it was noticed Smoke Detectors and Alarms - missing in this area and creating a potential safety hazard from the persons coming in contact in this area.

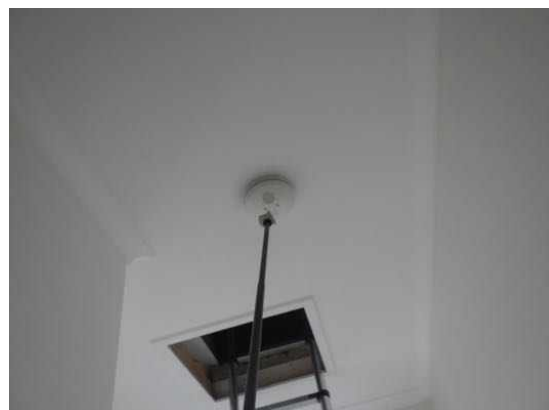
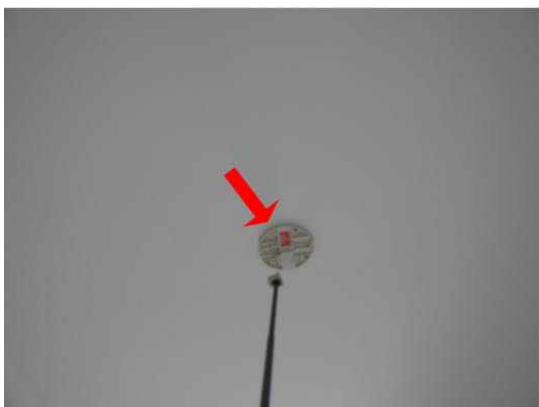
Reporting on Smoke Detectors or Alarms, including hard wired smoke detection systems and their legislative requirements, is outside the Scope of this Report.

Please note that this defect is highlighted as a caution only. We suspect, based on our experience in the building industry, that the absence of smoke detectors, or their poor condition, should be addressed as a matter of urgency to improve occupant safety.

Further Inspection and/or advisory services is necessary to provide advice on the sufficiency, type and location of smoke detectors, and to test the functionality of all devices. Greater requirements for fire safety and detection exist for commercial buildings.

Always ensure sufficient working and suitable smoke detectors are installed prior to occupying any building. Additionally, it is advised that all smoke detectors be tested by the homeowner on a monthly basis.

Please refer to AS3786 and state based legislation, which may also apply.



Major Defect

Defects 2.01

Building: Building 1

Location: All External Areas

Finding: Gutters - Blocked

Information: At the time of inspection it was noticed that gutters were blocked in few sections around the property. Gutters have to be cleaned in regular intervals.

Roof plumbing structures, such as guttering and downpipes, should be free of all debris to prevent blockages. Blockages of the guttering and downpipes will lead to pooling and accumulated water overflows, which is likely to subsequently flood eaves and exterior walls.

Where gutter guard is installed regular maintenance should include cleaning out any debris which may rest on top of or filter through the gutter guard.

Blocked gutters are likely to lead to high levels of moisture in the affected areas. Such moisture will not only cause rust and decay of the associated building materials, but can also provide conditions that are conducive to termite and timber pest activity. Blockages in gutters should therefore be removed immediately to ensure dry conditions are maintained.

Consult a Licensed Plumber for further specific advice on remedial works that may be required. In the interim, it is highly advised that blocked gutters be removed by the homeowner or a general handyman as a matter of urgency.





Defects 2.02

Building:	Building 1
Location:	Laundry
Finding:	Laundry Area – Washbasin Plumbing – Leaking
Information:	At the time of inspection it was noticed that plumbing associated with the washbasin in the laundry area was leaking during standard operation.

Leaks associated with plumbing fixtures should be addressed promptly, as prolonged leakage may contribute to moisture ingress, deterioration of surrounding building elements, and potential secondary defects.

Repair of the leaking plumbing component is recommended. It is highly recommended that an appropriately qualified plumber be engaged as soon as possible to assess and carry out any necessary remedial works.

Such works should be performed prior to the development of secondary defects to ensure adequate functionality of all associated building elements.



Minor Defect

Defects 3.01

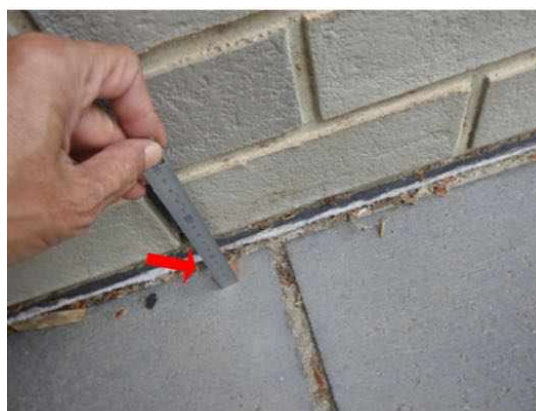
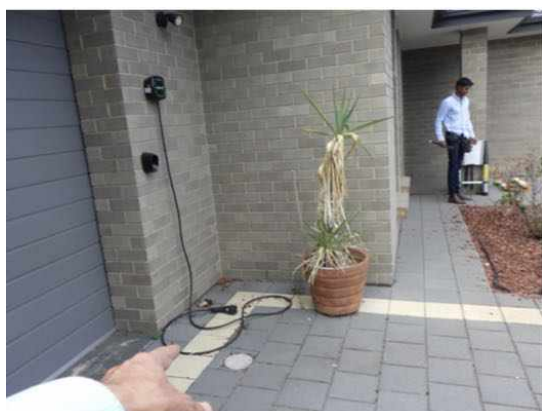
Building:	Building 1
Location:	All External Areas
Finding:	Slab Edge - Exposure Compromised
Information:	At the time of inspection it was noticed that slab edge exposure has been compromised in few sections around the property.

An inspection zone of at least 75mm in relation to the exposed slab edge, between

the bottom brick and the perimeter pavement, is required. This inspection zone should be maintained in order to force termites into the open where they can be detected more readily during regular inspections. The slab edge should not be concealed by anything that may prevent inspection of the area, including render, landscaping, soil, turf, paving, concrete cladding or other structures.

If the slab edge is not properly exposed there is a high risk of termite attack. Sometimes, in order to determine the type of slab, a suitably qualified person such as an architect or builder may be required to consult the construction plans.

Where the slab edge cannot be properly inspected, it is highly recommended that termite or timber pest inspections be carried out every 6-12 months to aid protection of the property against infestation.



Defects 3.02

Building:	Building 1
Location:	All External Areas
Finding:	Bridging - Vegetation
Information:	Where vegetation obstructs inspection of building elements, also known as bridging as it provides a bridging point for the access of termites, full inspection can not be achieved. Consequently moisture or dampness may be present and the areas becomes conducive to termite activity. Plants against or very close to buildings provide cover, shade and can provide an environment that is attractive to termite infestation.

The removal and replanting of species that do not provide "cover" or cutting back of existing vegetation will assist greatly in preventing Bridging from occurring.

The removal of any such materials that may be conducive to termite activity should be carried out as soon as possible and arrange re inspection to minimize the risk of termite attack.





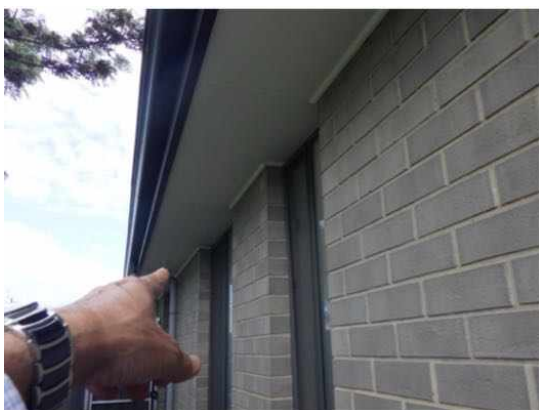
Defects 3.03

Building:	Building 1
Location:	All External Areas
Finding:	Building element - Damaged / Loose from its original fixing
Information:	At the time of inspection it was noticed that eaves guad lining was damaged / loose from its original fixing in few sections around the property.

Breakage occurs generally when the building materials have either aged and decayed, or as a result of damage (accidental or deliberate).

Repair and/or replacement of broken elements is advised to ensure that additional secondary defects do not arise as a consequence. Such works are necessary, as all building elements play a key role in the operation and function of the overall structure and its performance.

A relevant tradesperson should be appointed to repair or replace the affected building element prior to any subsequent damage being caused.





Defects 3.04

Building:	Building 1
Location:	All External Areas
Finding:	Garage Roller Door (Rear) – Not Operating / Not Locking
Information:	At the time of inspection it was noticed that the rear garage roller door was not locking properly at the lower base. As a result, the door was able to move upwards and was not secured in its closed position.

Non-operational building elements should be addressed to ensure the intended function, security, and performance of the building structure are maintained. Where building elements are not operating as intended, secondary defects or security concerns may arise over time.

Repair and/or replacement of the faulty building element is recommended. It is highly recommended that an appropriately qualified tradesperson be engaged to assess and carry out any necessary remedial works

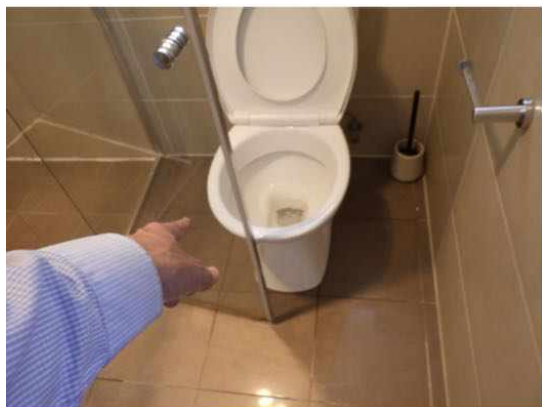


Defects 3.05

Building: Building 1
Location: Bathroom- Ensuite
Finding: Shower screen touching -Toilet assembly during standard operation
Information: At the time of inspection it was noticed that shower screen door is touching to the toilet assembly and creating a potential safety hazard in this area. It advised that

builder should take appropriate measures to avoid/ reduce the impact of shower screen hitting during door operations.

A qualified glazier is required to repair the shower screen as soon as possible. Please be advised that any persons coming into contact with the shower screen should do so with due caution to avoid any personal injury that may ensue.



Defects 3.06

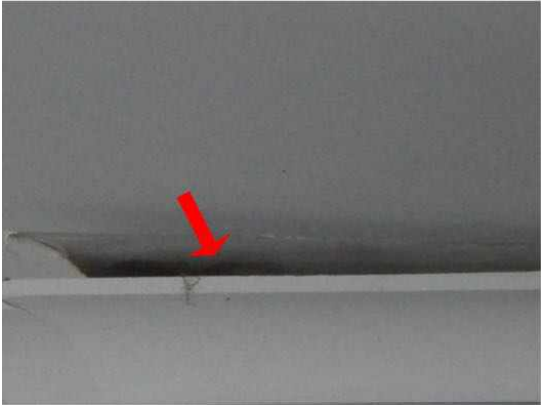
Building:	Building 1
Location:	All Internal Areas
Finding:	Building element - Damaged/ Loose from its original fixing
Information:	At the time of inspection it was noticed that garage area concrete were damaged / loose from its original fixing and towel rail was damaged in this bathroom -2 area.

Breakage occurs generally when the building materials have either aged and decayed, or as a result of damage (accidental or deliberate).

Repair and/or replacement of broken elements is advised to ensure that additional secondary defects do not arise as a consequence. Such works are necessary, as all building elements play a key role in the operation and function of the overall structure and its performance.

A relevant tradesperson should be appointed to repair or replace the affected building

element prior to any subsequent damage being caused.



Defects 3.07

Building: Building 1
 Location: Bathroom 2
 Finding: Bathroom -2 – Exhaust Fan Operation
 Information: At the time of inspection it was noticed that the exhaust fan installed within this bathroom-2 area was making unusual noise / partially obstructing during standard operation at the time of testing.

This may indicate wear, internal obstruction, loose components, or mechanical deterioration affecting normal performance.

It is advised that an appropriate qualified tradesperson be appointed to assess the exhaust fan and carry out repairs or replacement as required to ensure satisfactory operation.



Defects 3.08

Building: Building 1
 Location: Laundry
 Finding: Door stop - Missing
 Information: The door stop is missing or is inadequate to stop the door handle from damaging the wall. Although some building elements may seem irrelevant or unnecessary, all building elements play a key role in the operation and function of the overall structure and its performance.

Re-installation or replacement of the door stop is advised as soon as possible to prevent any subsequent damage to the door or associated structures. A general handyman may be appointed to perform these works at client discretion.



Defects 3.09

Building: Building 1
Location: Bathroom
Finding: Building element - Not operating
Information: At the time of inspection it was noticed one globe in both bathrooms were not operational. Non-operational items should be addressed to ensure that the full function of the building structure is available. Where some building elements are not operating as intended, it is possible that secondary building defects could arise due to their non-operation.

Repair and/or replacement of the faulty building element is recommended. It is highly recommended that the relevant tradesperson be engaged to perform any necessary works.





Defects 3.10

Building: Building 1
Location: Kitchen
Finding: Kitchen area - Tap - Loose
Information: The tap in this kitchen area has not been installed correctly, or has deteriorated with age, and is consequently loose. This tap being loose creates potential for water leaks and subsequent water damage to the surrounding area.

Where taps or spouts are loose, a qualified plumber should be appointed to re-fix the plumbing fitting.



Defects 3.11

Building:	Building 1
Location:	All Internal Areas
Finding:	Insulation - Missing
Information:	Upon inspection of the roof void it was noted that insulation is not present in few sections of roof space area. Apart from that at the time of inspection it was also noticed that insulation is present in other sections of the roof space area.

Insufficient insulation will result in a comparatively higher cost to heat and cool a property as there is a lack of Insulation (or uneven coverage of insulation) which works as a barrier to heat transfer. This helps to keep out unwanted heat in summer and preserves warmth inside your home in winter. It can also help soundproof your home from unwanted airborne noise transfer.

Where insulation is absent, the area does not meet current Australian Standards. Installation of adequate insulation is required and should be conducted as soon as possible.



Defects 3.12

Building:	Building 1
Location:	Kitchen

Finding: Building element - Swollen
Information: Swollen building elements generally indicate that the building materials have been affected by excessive moisture over a prolonged period of time, and have swollen as a result. The formation and development of mould/fungi or mildew is also a likely consequence of excessive moisture, which may pose major respiratory issues for occupants, particularly the elderly, the very young and those with existing illnesses and could be potential health safety hazards. In these cases an appropriately qualified inspector/tester should also be contacted for advice and/or technical assistance.

The structural integrity of swollen building elements can not be guaranteed, and further damage is likely to develop if left unmanaged. Excessive moisture is likely to lead to the development of secondary damage to any associated building elements, which may necessitate major reparation works if prolonged.

Rectification of the cause of the water leak should be addressed prior to any remedial works to the swollen building elements. A licensed plumber should be appointed immediately to identify the cause of the leak and provide advice on remedial works as necessary, Repair and/or replacement of swollen building elements should be conducted as a matter of urgency by a registered builder or qualified carpenter.





Defects 3.13

Building: Building 1

Location: All Internal Areas

Finding: Ceilings - Scuffed

Information: At the time of inspection it was noticed that few sections of ceilings were scuffed in this bedroom area. Scuffed surfaces, while detracting from the overall appearance of the affected building element, do not indicate any operational or structural damage. This degree of surface damage is consistent with general wear and tear and minor impact damage, normally accumulated over a number of years.

Marked surfaces may be left as is at the discretion of the client; no repairs or replacement are necessarily required, as this is an appearance defect. However, the client may wish to seek quotations for the cost to refurbish or replace the identified building element.

A general handyman or plasterer may be appointed to rectify marked surfaces if considered necessary by the client.





Section D Significant Items

D4 Further Inspections

We advise that you seek additional specialist inspections from a qualified and, where appropriate, licensed

- Damp Proofing Specialist
- Licensed Plumber specialising in Roof Plumbing
- Licensed Electrician
- As identified in summary and defect statements
- Registered Roofing Contractor
- Registered/Licensed Builder
- Licensed Plumber
- Termite and Timber Pest Technician / Licensed Pest Controller
- Tree surgeon (arborist)

Jim's Building Inspections can put you in contact with qualified and licensed providers of these and other trades services. Please contact your inspector for recommendations, or visit www.jims.net.

D5 Conclusion - Assessment of overall condition of property

- We have been engaged by Alisha Sai & Madan Kumar Chhetri to carry out pre-purchase building inspection for above said site.

Following recommendations of the report to ensure the longevity of dwelling.

Overall Conclusion of the inspection:

In the summary the dwelling is in acceptable condition with safety hazards, major and minor defects when compared to other properties of a similar age that have been reasonably well maintained.

Issues to address immediately include:

Safety Hazard :

- Smoke Detectors and Alarms - Missing

Major Defects:

- Gutters - Blocked
- Laundry Area – Washbasin Plumbing – Leaking

When it comes to minor defects it advised to keep regular checks and repairs to be carried out over period of time as per site conditions.

Please note: Reporting on plumbing , electrical appliances & fitting, gas plumbing is out of scope of this report.

Several other observations are also included for the Clients general awareness and information. Whilst not classified a defects under the Standard, these items are noted to assist the Clients understanding of other potential risks.

For further information, advice and clarification please contact Birendra J (BJ) Bhandari on: 0400 110 719

Section D Significant Items

The following items were noted as - For your information

Noted Item

Building: Building 1
 Location: All External Areas >
 Finding: Termite Management System - No evidence of a chemical installation
 Information: The application of a post-construction chemical termite barrier is highly recommended for all properties, particularly if live termite activity has been found on the site previously. Such barriers are highly effective in preventing termite attack on any timber building elements throughout the property.

A durable notice should be placed in the switchboard unit to indicate current termite barriers. At the time of inspection, it appeared as though no termite management system has been installed, with no evidence to suggest preventative works taking place.

The client may consider gaining further advice from a pest controller as to the costs and procedures involved with this application. It is recommended that obtaining such advice be a short-term priority.



Noted Item

Building: Building 1
 Location: Bathroom-Ensuite
 Finding: Shower Alcove - No Damp
 Information: At the time of inspection it was noticed that damp is not evident to the shower alcove.

Precautionary Information:

Damp (or structural damp) refers to the presence of unwanted moisture in the structure of a building, either as the result of intrusion from outside, or condensation

from within the structure. In the shower area, internal water leaks or other sources of excessive moisture are generally the cause of damp.







Noted Item

Building: Building 1
Location: Bathroom 2
Finding: Shower Alcove - No Damp
Information: At the time of inspection it was noticed that damp is not evident to the shower alcove.

Precautionary Information:

Damp (or structural damp) refers to the presence of unwanted moisture in the structure of a building, either as the result of intrusion from outside, or condensation from within the structure. In the shower area, internal water leaks or other sources of excessive moisture are generally the cause of damp.







Noted Item

Building:	Building 1
Location:	All External Areas
Finding:	Trees - Overhanging and filling gutters
Information:	Overhanging trees often result in excessive amounts of leaf debris accumulating in gutters.

Gutters are a critical part of the building's management of storm water and rain. It is therefore important that they be kept clear to prevent secondary damage to associated building elements, including exterior and interior walls, ceiling linings and any adjoining building elements. Where gutters are blocked, pooling of rainwater is likely to occur, fast-tracking rust and corrosion of the roof plumbing elements.

It is highly advised that all overhanging tree branches be removed as soon as possible to prevent any further damage. Repair and/or replacement of sections of damaged guttering may also be required where the extent of the damage necessitates.

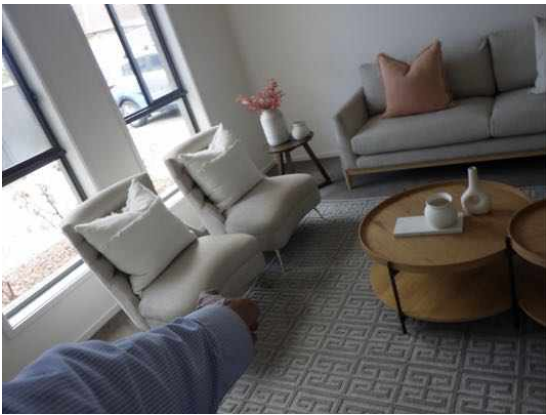
Such works should be performed by the homeowner; however, appointment of a landscape contractor or an arborist may be required. Consultation with a licensed roof plumber is required where guttering has been damaged.

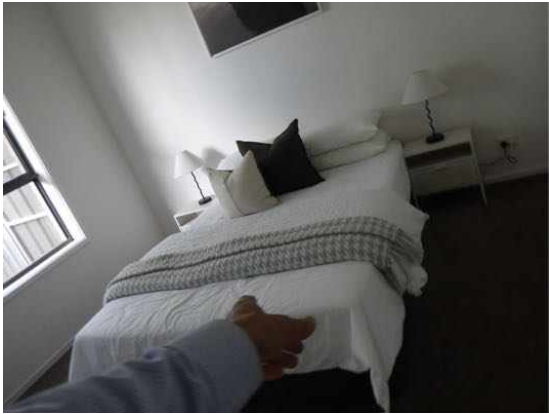
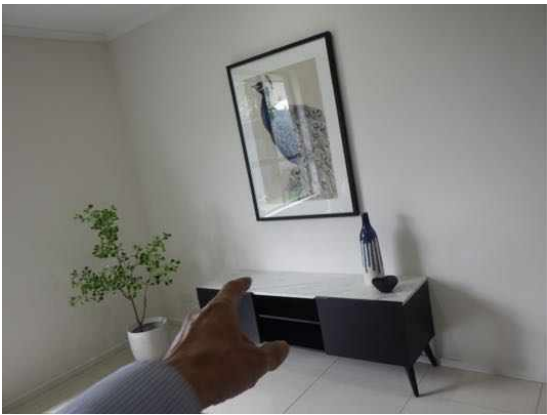


Noted Item

Building: Building 1
Location: All Areas
Finding: Additional Photos - Obstructions and Limitations
Information: These photographs are an indication of the obstructions and limitations which impeded full inspection of the property at the time of inspection. These obstructions can hide an array of defects and should be removed to allow full inspection to be carried out. A re-inspection is recommended once the areas are made accessible.







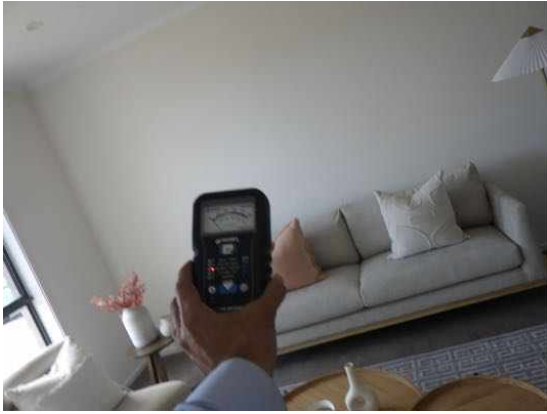
Noted Item

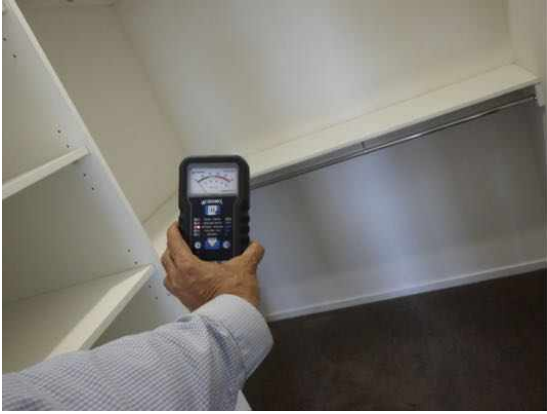
Building: Building 1
Location: All Areas
Finding: Additional Photos
Information: Additional photos are provided for your general reference





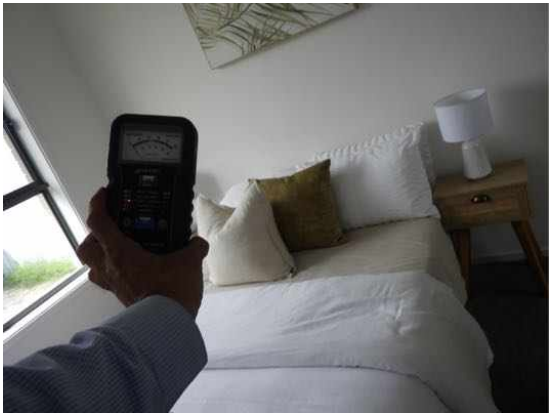
















Definitions to help you better understand this report

Access hole (cover)	An opening in flooring or ceiling or other parts of a structure (such as service hatch, removable panel) to allow for entry to carry out an inspection, maintenance or repair.
Accessible area	An area of the site where sufficient, safe and reasonable access is available to allow inspection within the scope of the inspection.
Appearance defect	Fault or deviation from the intended appearance of a building element.
Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM)	Asbestos-containing material (ACM) means any material or thing that, as part of its design, contains asbestos.
Building element	A portion of a building that, by itself or in combination with other such parts, fulfils a characteristic function. NOTE: For example supporting, enclosing, furnishing or servicing building space.
Client	The person or other entity for whom the inspection is being carried out.
Defect	Fault or deviation from the intended condition of a material, assembly, or component.
Detailed assessment	An assessment by an accredited sampler to determine the extent and magnitude of methamphetamine contamination in a property.
Inspection	Close and careful scrutiny of a building carried out without dismantling, in order to arrive at a reliable conclusion as to the condition of the building.
Inspector	Person or organisation responsible for carrying out the inspection.
Limitation	Any factor that prevents full or proper inspection of the building.
Major defect	A defect of sufficient magnitude where rectification has to be carried out in order to avoid unsafe conditions, loss of utility or further deterioration of the property.
Methamphetamine	An amphetamine-type stimulant that is highly addictive. Methamphetamine is a controlled substance, classified as a Class A (very high-risk) drug under the Misuse of Drug Act. This term is used as a grouping term to include all substances screened for, specifically: Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine, MDA and MDMA.
Methamphetamine contamination	A property or part of a property where the level of methamphetamine has been tested in accordance with this standard and found to exceed 0.5 micrograms/100 cm ² (Residential) or 10 micrograms/100 cm ² (Commercial).

Methamphetamine production/manufacture	The manufacture of methamphetamine, including processing, packaging, and storage of methamphetamine and associated chemicals.
Minor defect	A defect other than a major defect.
Roof space/Roof void	Space between the roof covering and the ceiling immediately below the roof covering.
Screening assessment	An assessment by a screening sampler to determine whether or not methamphetamine is present.
Serviceability defect	Fault or deviation from the intended serviceability performance of a building element.
Significant item	An item that is to be reported in accordance with the scope of the inspection.
Site	Allotment of land on which a building stands or is to be erected.
Structural defect	Fault or deviation from the intended structural performance of a building element.
Structural element	Physically distinguishable part of a structure. NOTE: For example wall, columns, beam, connection.
Subfloor space	Space between the underside of a suspended floor and the ground.
Urgent and Serious Safety Hazards	Building elements or situations that present a current or immediate potential threat of injury or disease to persons.

Terms on which this report was prepared

This report is based on the condition of the property at the time of inspection. We strongly recommend re-inspection 30 days after this report is issued as the general condition of the property is likely to have changed, including the extent of defects described and instance of potential undetected defects.

This report has been prepared in accordance with and subject to the pre-inspection agreement in place between the parties, which forms part of this Report.

This Report is prepared for the client identified above and may not be relied on by any other person without our express permission or by the purchase of this Report on our website.

SPECIAL ATTENTION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO THE SCOPE, LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS IN YOUR PRE-INSPECTION AGREEMENT AND THIS REPORT

Any of the exclusions or limitations identified for this Report may be the subject of a special-purpose inspection which we recommend being undertaken by an appropriately qualified inspector

RELIANCE AND DISCLOSURE

This report has been prepared based on conditions at the time of the report.

We own the copyright in this report and may make it available to third parties.

If your Property is in the Australian Capital Territory, you acknowledge we will make certain information about this Report available to the ACT Government for inclusion in the building and pest inspections public register if required under the *Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act 2003*. This will include the fact the report has been prepared, the Property street address, date of the inspection, the name of the person who prepared the report and (if applicable) the entity that employs them.

UNDETECTED DEFECT RISK RATING

If this Report has identified a medium or high-risk rating for undetected defects, we strongly recommend a further inspection of areas that were inaccessible. This may include an invasive inspection that requires the removal or cutting of walls, floors or ceilings.

If the Property has been vacant for a period of time, moisture levels or leaks may not be detectable at the time of the inspection because often only frequent use of water pipes (showers, taps etc) result in a leak being identifiable. We advise further testing on pipes and water susceptible areas (such as the bathroom and laundry) after more frequent use has occurred.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION:

This is not a report by a licensed plumber or electrician. We recommend a special-purpose report to detect substandard or illegal plumbing and electrical work at the Property

This is not a smoke alarm report. We recommend all existing detectors in the Property be tested and advice sought as to the suitability of number, placement and operation.

This is not a pest report. As termites are widespread throughout mainland Australia we recommend annual timber pest inspections.

This is not an asbestos report. There are potential products in the Property containing asbestos that will not be identified in this report. In order to accurately identify asbestos, we recommend performing an asbestos inspection, particularly for buildings built prior to 1988.

This is not a report on safety glass. Glazing in older homes may not reflect current standards and may cause significant injury if damaged. Exercise caution around the glass in older homes.

This is not a report on window opening restrictions. We have not inspected window opening restrictors. Window openings in older buildings may not reflect current standards and can be a potential risk. Window opening restrictors are advised for all second story or above windows with sill heights below 900mm. Some states make this a mandatory requirement. Owners should enquire of their local and state requirements to ensure compliance.

This is not a report on pool safety. If a swimming pool is present it should be the subject to a special purpose pool inspection.

External Timber Structures - Balcony and Decks. It is strongly recommended that a Structural Engineer is required to assess distributed load capacity of external timber structures such as balconies and decks, alerting users of the load capacity. Regular maintenance and inspections by competent practitioners to assess the ongoing durability of exposed external timber structures are needed.

This is not a Group Titled Property Report as per AS4349.2. If you require a report for a Group Titled Property as per this standard, please seek a separate inspection for Group Titled Properties.

MOISTURE

The identification of moisture, dampness or the evidence of water penetration is dependent on the weather conditions at the time an inspection. The absence of dampness identified in this Report does not necessarily mean the Property will not experience some damp problems in other weather conditions or that roofs, walls or wet areas are watertight.

Where the evidence of water penetration is identified we recommend detailed investigation of waterproofing in the surrounding area monitoring of the affected area over a period of time to fully detect and assess the cause of dampness.

MAINTENANCE OF THE PROPERTY

This Report is not a warranty or an insurance policy against problems developing with the Property in the future. Accordingly, a preventative maintenance program should be implemented which includes systematic inspections, detection and prevention of issues. Please contact the inspector who carried out this inspection for further advice.

NO CERTIFICATION

- a) The Property has been compared to others of a similar age, construction type and method that had an acceptable level of basic maintenance completed.
- b) We don't advise you about title, ownership or other legal matters like easements, restrictions, covenants and planning laws. None of our inspections constitutes approval by a Building Surveyor, a certificate of occupancy or compliance with any law, regulation or standard, including any comment on whether the Property complies with current Australian Standards, Building Regulations or other legislative requirements.

RECTIFICATION COSTS

We don't provide advice on the costs of rectification or repair unless specifically identified in the scope of the Report. Any cost advice provided verbally or in this report must be taken as of a general nature and is not to be relied on. Actual costs depend on the quality of materials, the standard of work, what price a contractor is prepared to do the work for and may be contingent on approvals, delays and unknown factors associated with third parties. No liability is accepted for costing advice.